State of Ohio

2019–2020
Home Energy Assistance Program
State Plan

Prepared by:
Ohio Development Services Agency
Community Services Division
Office of Community Assistance

August 2019
Section 1 – Program Components

Q: 1.1 Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP Program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

A: Boxes checked:
- Heating Assistance Start 10/1/2019 End 3/31/2020
- Crisis Assistance Start 11/1/2019 End 3/31/2020
- Weatherization Assistance Start 7/1/2020 End 6/30/2021

The Winter Crisis Program dates are indicated above. The Summer Crisis Program dates are 7/1/2020 – 8/31/2020.

Q: 1.2 Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: The total of all percentages must add up to 100%.

A: Percentages:
- Heating assistance 42.5%
- Cooling assistance 0%
- Crisis assistance 25%
- Weatherization assistance 15%
- Carryover to the following federal fiscal year 6.5%
- Administrative and planning costs 10%
- Services to reduce home energy needs including assessment 1%
- Used to develop and implement leveraging activities 0%

Q: 1.3 The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

A: Boxes Checked:
- Heating assistance
- Other (specify): Summer Crisis Assistance

Q: 1.4 Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the cleft column below?

A: No

Q: 1.5 Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application?

A: No
Q: 1.7a Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP households?
A: No

Q: 1.7b Amount of Nominal Assistance
A: $0

Q: 1.7c Frequency of Assistance
A: No boxes checked

Q: 1.8 In determining a household’s income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?
A: Gross Income

Q: 1.9 Select all the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household’s income eligibility for LIHEAP
A: Boxes Checked:
- Wages
- Self-Employment Income
- Contract Income
- Unemployment insurance
- Strike Pay
- Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits
  o Excluding Medicare deduction
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Retirement/pension benefits
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits
- One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, winnings from lotteries, refund deposits, etc.
- Rental income
- Alimony
- Interest, dividends, or royalties
- Commissions
- Legal settlements
- Veterans Administration (VA) benefits
- Other:
  o VA disability is excluded however VA pension in included
**Section 2 – Heating Assistance**

**Q:** 2.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component?

**A:** State Median Income 60%

**Q:** 2.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for Heating Assistance?

**A:** Change to “yes” for giving priority to elderly and disabled.

Boxes checked:
- Elderly
- Must the household have received a shut-off notice or have a near empty tank
- Renters living in subsidized housing?
- Renters with utilities included in the rent?

**A:** Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above:
Tenants whose electric bills are not in the renter’s name(s) are ineligible to receive benefits, unless they provide verification that they pay all or a portion (i.e. HUD Section 8 housing) of the electric bill.

A weighted benefit is given to clients that have someone in the home over the age of 60 or a documented disability.

Explanation of 2.1 Eligibility Threshold: Ohio uses 60 percent of the State Median Income as it best correlates to 175% of the HHS Federal Poverty level. Households must be at or below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level in order to be determined eligible.

**Q:** 2.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

**A:** Boxes checked:
- Do you require an Assets test? No
- Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:
  - Renters? No
  - Renters Living in subsidized housing? Yes
  - Renters with utilities included in the rent? Yes
- Do you give priority in eligibility to:
  - Elderly? No
  - Disabled? No
  - Young children? No
  - Households with high energy burdens? No
  - Other? No

- Explanations of policies for each “yes” check above:
Tenants whose electric bills are not in the renter's name(s) are ineligible to receive benefits, unless they provide verification that they pay all or a portion (i.e. HUD Section 8 housing) of the electric bill.

**Q:** 2.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable populations, e.g., benefit amounts, early application periods, etc.

**A:** All applicants that meet eligibility and are 60 years or older and/or disabled receive an increased monetary benefit based on the Benefit Matrix. Elderly and disabled customers also receive the new HEAP application by mail first.
Q: 2.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

A: Increased benefit amounts for the elderly and/or disabled customers. Decreased benefit amounts for the Percentage of Income Payment Plan (PIPP) customers. The FY2020 Payment Matrix (see attached) is submitted with the State Plan assuming Ohio’s LIHEAP funding level remains the same. A final version of the FY2020 Payment Matrix will be submitted when funding information is finalized.

Q: 2.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2019:

A: Minimum Benefit $15 Maximum Benefit $447

Q: 2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms for benefits?

A: Yes, as a last resort funds can be authorized to purchase portable heaters equipped with an automatic shut-off switch and an Underwriters Laboratory (UL) approval.

Section 4 – Crisis Assistance

Q: 4.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component?

A: State Median Income 60%

Q: 4.2 Provide your LIHEAP program’s definition for determining a crisis.

A: Explanation of 4.1 Eligibility Threshold: Ohio uses 60% of the State Median Income as it best correlates to 175 percent of the HHS Federal Poverty level. Households must be at or below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level in order to be determined eligible.

For Heating Crisis Assistance: a disconnection, notice of disconnection, less than 25% supply of deliverable fuel, or a furnace needing repair to be operable are criteria to be considered in crisis.

For Summer Crisis Assistance: a medical certification or being elderly (age 60 or older) are criteria to be considered in crisis.

Q: 4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

A: Development’s Energy Assistance Programs Guidelines, in keeping with the LIHEAP statute, require local HEAP providers to, no later than 18 hours after a household applies, provide assistance that will resolve the crisis if the household is eligible to receive such benefits and is in a life-threatening situation. Development and our local provider agencies understand a life-threatening situation to be a situation that is very dangerous or serious with the possibility that death could be the outcome. An example could be an eligible household containing a member with a disability or a frail elder who would be more vulnerable to experiencing a serious outcome if heat and light are not expeditiously restored. A household with a newborn baby is another example of how a utility/energy service crisis e.g. imminent shut-off, disconnection or empty fuel tank, can have more dire outcomes, up to and including death, if not quickly remedied. A life-threatening crisis could also exist when a household is without service and is using alternative heating sources such as kerosene heaters or using their oven.
Q: 4.4 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households?
A: 48 hours once application is completed

Q: 4.5 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations?
A: 18 hours once application is completed

Q: 4.6 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for Crisis Assistance?
A: Yes

Q: 4.7 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each
A: Boxes checked:
- Do you require an Assets test? No
- Do you give priority in eligibility to:
  - Elderly? No
  - Disabled? No
  - Young children? No
  - Households with high energy burdens? No
  - Other? No
- In Order to receive crisis assistance:
  - Must the household have received a shut-off notice or have a near empty tank? Yes
  - Must the household have been shut off or have an empty tank? No
  - Must the household have exhausted their regular heating benefit? No
  - Must renters with heating costs included in their rent have received an eviction notice? No
  - Must heating/cooling be medically necessary? No
  - Must the household have non-working heating or cooling equipment? No
  - Other? No
- Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:
  - Renters? No
  - Renters Living in subsidized housing? Yes
  - Renters with utilities included in the rent? Yes

For Winter Crisis Assistance: a disconnection, notice of disconnection, less than 25% supply of deliverable fuel, or a furnace needing repair to operate are criteria to be considered in crisis.

To participate in the Summer Crisis program, the household must include an individual with a documented medical condition verified by a licensed physician or registered nurse practitioner, or the household must have at least one member age 60 or older. If qualified based on age or medical condition, the household may receive a monetary benefit and/or a window air conditioner or central air repair and/or fan up to the maximum benefit amount per household. Households may receive one air conditioner, provided the household has not received an air conditioner in the prior three years, up to the maximum benefit allowed. Households can be provided no more than two fans, once every three years, up to the maximum benefit amount.
Tenants in subsidized housing must have written documentation of the landlord’s permission to install the air conditioner with an acknowledgement that the tenant owns the air conditioner.

Renters whose bill is in the landlord’s name must produce a lease or written documentation from the landlord verifying that the renter is responsible for the electric bill, and/or the gas bill.

Q: 4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?
A: Separate Component

Q: 4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?
A: Other - Describe:
Ohio has a maximum benefit amount and required copay if necessary. Also, see Section 4.7

Q: 4.10 Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served?
A: Intake centers are located in all 88 counties in Ohio. Additionally, Development launched an online application to allow customers to enter household information at their convenience. While an appointment is required for crisis assistance, the customer can enter in their information and upload documentation online in order to expedite the intake process once at the local agency. All applications can be completed at the 51 local Energy Assistance Provider locations around the 88 counties.

Q: 4.11 Do you provide individuals who are physically disabled the means to:
A: Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes? Yes
Travel to the site at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted? Yes

Q: 4.12 Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.
A: Winter Crisis $750
Summer Crisis $500
Year-round Crisis $0

Q: 4.13 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?
A: No

Q: 4.14 Do you provide equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds?
A: Yes

Q: 4.15 Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided.
A: Boxes checked:
- Heating system repair Winter Crisis
- Heating system replacement Winter Crisis
- Cooling system repair Summer Crisis
- Cooling system replacement Summer Crisis
Q: 4.16 Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a moratorium on shut offs?
A: Yes

Q: 4.17 Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.
A: It is rare in Ohio for the Governor to issue a moratorium prohibiting regulated utilities from issuing disconnection notices. This only occurs when there is an extreme weather event or a significant economic downturn. However, the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, annually issues a Reconnection Order that coincides with the Winter Crisis Program. The annual Reconnect Order requires regulated utilities to stop a disconnection or restore service for a maximum of $175. The Reconnection Order and the Winter Crisis Program is in place from November 1st to April 15th. See attached sample in PDF version of 2018-2019 Reconnect Order issued by PUOC.

Section 5: Weatherization Assistance

Q: 5.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the Weatherization component
A: HHS Poverty Guidelines 200%

Q: 5.2 Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a WEATHERIZATION component?
A: No

Q: 5.4 Is there a separate monitoring protocol for weatherization?
A: Yes

Q: 5.5 Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)
A: Other: The differences are as follows: U.S. Department of Energy income eligibility requirements (200% of the Federal Poverty Level); Health and Safety is limited to no more than 25% of Program Operations (Materials + Support total) for LIHEAP (limit is 14.9% for DOE); and an additional $1,200 for incidental repairs is available per single family unit with LIHEAP funds (in an effort to avoid deferrals).

Additionally, Development requested and received a waiver to transfer an additional 5% of LIHEAP funds to weatherization and energy related home repairs. This will make the total transfer of LIHEAP funds 20%. Fifteen percent of the transferred funds will be used to serve households as described above. The additional 5% transfer will be used for a complimentary program to Ohio's weatherization program. The Ohio Home Weatherization Assistance Program Enhancement (approximately $7.8 million) will install specific measures in households that are at or below 175% (LIHEAP Income Guidelines) of the Federal Poverty Guidelines and may have been deferred previously for weatherization services. The measures to be installed will include furnace repair & replacement, electric repair and replacement, ventilation measures (i.e. ASHRAE fans) and minor roof repair. Utilizing these additional funds
for these specific measures will allow the weatherization program to serve homes that would have been deferred due to costs and to install more energy conservation measures in homes.

It is important to note, the Ohio Legislature passed and Governor DeWine signed into law House Bill 6 (HB 6) in July 2019. One of the provisions of HB 6 directs Development to request a waiver from Health and Human Services beginning July 2020 to transfer an additional 10% of LIHEAP funds for weatherization and energy efficiency purposes, with a total transfer amount of 25%. The additional 5% would be utilized in a similar fashion for deferments and energy conservation measures.

**Q:** 5.6 Do you require an Assets test?

**A:** No

**Q:** 5.7 Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

- Renters? Yes
- Renters Living in subsidized housing? Yes
- Do you give priority in eligibility to:

**Q:** 5.8 Do you give priority in eligibility to:

**A:** Boxes Checked:
- Elderly? Yes
- Disabled? Yes
- Young children? Yes
- Households with high energy burdens? Yes
- Other? High energy user households Yes

**If you selected "Yes" for any of the options in questions 5.6, 5.7, or 5.8, you must provide further explanation of these policies in the text field below.**

The applications are prioritized as required by 10 CFR 440.16 "Minimum Program Requirements": Elderly person(s), Disabled person(s), Dependent child(ren) in the home, high energy burden households, high energy user households.

Appropriate documentation is required in the customer file to substantiate the assigned priority for service delivery. Customers meeting one or more of the priorities for service delivery as described above will be considered "Priority Applicants". Customers that apply for HWAP services and do not meet one or more of the priorities for service delivery will be considered "Traditional Applicants". All customers will be placed on the subgrantee waiting list for the county in which they reside. Priority Applicants will be placed on the waiting list ahead of Traditional Applicants and ordered by eligibility date (oldest to newest). Under no circumstances shall a Traditional Applicant be served before a Priority Applicant. Each subgrantee is assigned a specific minimum number of units to complete per program year based on funds allocated.

The first 25%(rounded up) of those planned units for that county will be selected for service from the Priority Applicant pool (or Traditional Applicant pool if no Priority Applicants exist) based on earliest eligibility date (ordered from the oldest to newest). After the first 25% of eligible applicants have been selected for service from the Priority Applicant pool (or Traditional Applicant pool if no Priority Applicants exist), further eligible applicants will be selected by the subgrantee, based on a secondary criterion of the subgrantees choosing. The subgrantee may not choose a priority that does not align with the rules established by DOE.
Weatherization funds are to be used to equitably serve all eligible customers with priority for service delivery to households meeting the conditions of 10 CFR 440.16. High energy burden users are defined as a household at or below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level at the time of application. These households tend to expend more of their income on utility costs than the median for low income users. To ensure permission of the landlord there is an agreement signed by the landlord, the tenant and the local provider.

NOTE: Response to 5.9 and 5.10 - Ohio has a maximum average expenditure statewide of $7,261.

Section 6: Outreach, 2605(b)(3) - Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)

Q: 6.1 Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

A: Other (specify):
Development has a comprehensive marketing plan for customer education. It's a multi-platform plan that includes: brochures, videos, social media posts, posters, a website, post cards and press release templates. These materials provide program information as well as instructions on how to apply for assistance. The brochures, posters, and press releases are formatted for co-branding with local Energy Assistance Providers.

Our website (energyhelp.ohio.gov) provides comprehensive information on the energy assistance programs, including contact information for local Energy Assistance Providers, a portal for customers to check the status of their application and an online application process for customers to apply for certain programs online. Development also operates an (800) number to answer customer questions about the energy assistance programs. The Interactive Voice Response System on the (800) number also connects non-English speaking customers to an interpreter if requested. Development works with the Ohio Benefit Bank, Ohio Association of Foodbanks, Ohio Department of Veterans Services, Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, local libraries, and local Community Action Agencies to educate customers on the available energy assistance programs. Development also partners with the Ohio Department of Aging to help older Ohioans. Last year, the Ohio Department of Aging distributed a total of 32,417 HEAP applications (14,911 of these were distributed to homebound residents), 13,271 people were assisted (1,835 of these were homebound), and 851 presentations were held with a total attendance of 37,779 people.

Section 7 - Coordination, 2605(b)(4) - Assurance 4

Q: 7.1 Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.). Joint

A: Ohio uses a combined Energy Assistance application for HEAP, PIPP and Weatherization. Development has launched an online application process for customers to apply for programs online.

HEAP customers will be notified of energy conservation and assistance efforts by the major utility and fuel companies in Ohio. Educational pamphlets and speakers, which address ways to conserve energy, will be made available by Development. Development collaborates with the Ohio Department of Aging, Ohio Association of Foodbanks, local Energy Assistance Providers, and Community Action Agencies to serve low-income households and the elderly.
Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) - Assurance 6
(Required for state grantees and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

Q: 8.1 How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?
A: Other: The Ohio Development Services Agency is committed to creating jobs and building strong communities, while ensuring accountability and transparency of taxpayer money and exceptional customer service.

Q: 8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?
A: Most of Ohio's administering agencies have been administering LIHEAP at the local level for many years. In addition, it is extremely rare in Ohio for a Local Energy Assistance Provider to be added or replaced. In those instances, Development ensures that services to customers continue during the transition to a different provider by identifying a contiguous Local Energy Assistance Provider in good standing to take over services in the territory being vacated on an interim “emergency” basis. A short-term contract of 6 -12 months is typically provided. Providers near the unserved area know the landscape and the population to be served. Development works with the new provider to quickly establish intake sites that can be easily accessed by local customers. If the interim arrangement proves to be satisfactory, Development will name the entity providing services as the "permanent" provider of services for the area. In selecting a contiguous agency, Development also takes into account whether the agency is already providing other services in the service territory.

Q: 8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use?
A: 51

Q: 8.8 Have you changed any local administering agencies in the last year?
A: No

Section 9 - Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) - Assurance 7

Q: 9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?
A: For the Crisis Programs, payments are made directly to suppliers by both Development and the local Energy Assistance Providers.

Q: 9.2 How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?
A: Heating: All households who complete an application receive written notice of eligibility that includes the amount of the benefit.
Crisis: local Energy Assistance Providers are required, by the terms of their executed agreement, to provide each customer with a written notice of decision that includes the amount of the benefit.
Cooling: Not Applicable

Q: 9.3 How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?
A: Bulk fuel vendors are required to provide a delivered invoice for payment so only the benefit amount is charged to the program. For utilities (regulated and un-regulated), Development may require the client make co-payments for amounts above the benefit threshold after confirming with the utilities the client’s actual usage charges.

Q: 9.4 How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?

A: Development has a Home Energy Assistance Vendor Agreement and local Energy Assistance Provider grant agreements that both include a nondiscrimination policy. Copies of both are attached.

Q: 9.5 Do you make payments contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households?

A: No

Section 10: Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10)

Q: 10.1 Ohio Grants Management Tracking LIHEAP Funds:

A: Development's grants management and database software is a web-based application, called the Ohio Community Energy Assistance Network (OCEAN). Local Energy Assistance Providers are required to complete and submit an application through OCEAN detailing their management plan and budget.

OCEAN was designed and built with various validations to assist and ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds in the following ways:

1. Prevent budgeting greater than the maximum grant award

2. Only allow the maximum administration amount to be budgeted and track expenditure during the grant period. Track and prevent reporting total cash received smaller than sum of monthly cash received, and track and prevent reporting expenditures greater than the grant award amount.

3. Track final expenditures with grant balance

OCEAN also produces statewide obligation/expenditures and number of households served reports to track expenditures on heating, crisis, and weatherization by program year.

Local Energy Assistance Providers have the opportunity to submit budget revisions, as necessary by program needs, and/or to align with actual expenditures at the end of the grant period. All requested revisions go through a review and approval process by Development staff.

Q: 10.2 Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133?

A: Yes
Q: 10.3 Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited fiscal year?

A: No findings

Q: 10.4 Audits of Local Administering Agencies

A: Boxes Checked
   - Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133
   - Local agencies/district offices’ A-133 or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.
   - Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices

Q: 10.5 Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures: Select all that Apply:

A: Other: A structured monitoring system was implemented by Development for on-site visits by trained personnel for review of all computer collected/compiled data and through identification of special problems. Development implemented a web-based centralized customer application and database called the Ohio Community and Energy Assistance Network (OCEAN) in 2006. This system is shared with Local Energy Assistance Providers and allows for real-time reporting as well as access to customer intake processes, income calculations, eligibility determination and customer comments. There is also an audit log which tracks any updates to a customer's record.

Q: 10.6 Explain or attach a copy of your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.

A: It is Development’s practice to monitor Local Energy Assistance Providers annually. Development has a monitoring tool that is provided prior to the monitoring visit. The tool identifies topics to be monitored and the supporting documentation that should be provided for the monitoring visit. During the exit interview, the Development Field Representative will review the tool with staff and provide a copy of the tool for review and comments, if necessary.

Q: 10.7. Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews. Site Visits:

A: It is Development’s practice to monitor every local Energy Assistance Provider annually.

Desk Reviews:
Available as needed using electronic system.

Q: 10.8 How often is each local agency monitored?

A: It is Development’s practice to monitor local Energy Assistance Provider’s annually. In the event of unforeseen circumstances, a monitoring will occur at a minimum of every other year.

Q: 10.11 How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit determination issues?
Q: 10.12 How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues?
A: 0

Q: 11.1 How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?
A: To facilitate input from the public regarding the structure of the Home Energy Assistance Program, Development:
- Requested written comments regarding ways to improve the FY2020 HEAP program from all local Energy Assistance Providers.
- Requested input at listening sessions held at the Ohio Association of Community Action Agency's Summer and Winter Conferences.
- Received, from the Ohio Department of Aging, a report and reviewed surveys taken by Area Agencies on Aging in which elderly customers expressed energy assistance needs and their views on Ohio’s HEAP.
- Conducted a public hearing on August 8, 2019. The hearing was held prior to the Community Services Block Grant State Plan public hearing. Please see attached public hearing notice.
- Created an Energy Assistance Process Improvement Group in 2017. The group discusses program guidelines and the development of the online application system.

Q: 11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?
A: Based on the feedback received, Development is not making changes to the LIHEAP State Plan. Development will review the benefit levels associated with the 2020 Summer Crisis Program to ensure the appropriate benefit level is being provided. Development is updating the online application to create a better client and agency experience. Development has included, in Section 13 of this plan, information on the competitive process for Assurance 16 activities.

Q: 11.3 List the date and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds?
A: 8/8/2019 FY2020 LIHEAP Public Hearing- Vern Riffe Building at 77 S. High St, Columbus, Ohio 43215

Q: 11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)?
A: One party commented at the hearing and one party provided written testimony.

Q: 11.5 Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).
A: The comment received during the public hearing included appreciation of the program as well as the importance of the program. Letters of support for the HEAP program from clients were
also received. One party sent written comments that discussed Ohio’s weatherization program and use of Assurance 16 funds. These comments included requests to increase funds for administration/program delivery, to exempt HEAP Weatherization from Department of Energy regulations (i.e. maximum cost per dwelling as well as each measure having a savings to investment ratio of greater than 1), to remove limits on multifamily units, and to provide Assurance 16 funding to support leveraging activities.

Q: 11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the comments received at the public hearing(s)?
A: No changes were made to the LIHEAP plan as a result of the comments received at the public hearing.

Section 12: Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) - Assurance 13

Q: 12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year?
A: 0

Q: 12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed?
A: 0

Q: 12.3 Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings?
A: The appeals process will be managed at the local level by each local Energy Assistance Provider. If the customer wishes to pursue a further appeal, he/she must submit a state level appeal to Development within 30 days of the final decision rendered at the local agency.

Q: 12.4 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are denied.
A: Customers have 30 days from the date they receive their eligibility or benefit notification to appeal decisions made regarding their Energy Assistance Application for HEAP, WCP, SCP, and PIPP Plus. Customers must be informed of this right when they receive their application and again in their notification letter.

Customers may also appeal if their application is not decided upon within 12 weeks. Customers must be informed of this right at the time an application is submitted.

Grounds for appeal include:

- Energy Assistance Application was denied.

- If the application was neither approved nor denied within 12 weeks after the application was submitted online, a paper application uploaded in the Portal or received at the LDA, unless such delay was the result of the customer’s lack of cooperation in providing necessary and reliable documentation with which to determine eligibility.

- Disagreements with the benefit/installment amount (HEAP, WCP, SCP, and PIPP Plus)
• Household composition has changed since the application was submitted
• Income has changed since the application was submitted
• Utility provider has changed or is incorrect
• Multi-Program discount was applied to HEAP, but customer is not in PIPP Plus
• Intake worker error in inputting client information
• Application is under Compliance Review

**Local Level Energy Assistance Programs - Written Appeal**

Customers have 30 days from the date they receive their benefit notification to appeal decisions made regarding their Energy Assistance Application. All appeals must be submitted in writing (letter or email) with supporting documentation attached, to the local Energy Assistance Providers HEAP Coordinator.

The appeal review must be completed within 30 days from the date of the customer’s appeal request. The LDA must notify their Development Field Representative of the final decision and scan all documentation into OCEAN/Portal (i.e., the appeal request, supportive documentation, LDA’s Resolution/Notification/Actions, etc.). The customer must be notified of the decision made by the LDA within 10 days of the decision.

**Local Level Energy Assistance Programs - Hearing**

Customers who were denied during the written appeal process may request a formal hearing within 30 days of the denial of the written appeal. The customer must submit his/her request for a formal hearing in writing (letter or email). The request is to be made to the Executive Director of the LDA. The LDA shall schedule a hearing within 30 days of the receipt of the letter/email requesting a hearing. The hearing shall be held at a mutually convenient place and a hearing officer shall be appointed by the LDA. The hearing officer may be a staff member of the LDA who was not involved in the decision that is being appealed.

The customer must be notified of the LDA’s decision regarding his/her appeal within 10 days of the date of the formal hearing.

The LDA must also notify their Development Field Representative of the final decision and scan all documentation into the OCEAN database (i.e., the appeal request, supportive documentation, LDA’s Resolution/Notification/Actions, etc.).

**State Level Energy Assistance Programs Appeal**

If the customer wishes to pursue a further appeal, he/she must submit a state level appeal to Development within 30 days of the final hearing decision rendered at the LDA. The appeal request may be mailed to:

Ohio Development Services Agency  
Office of Community Assistance, Appeals  
P.O. Box 2169  
Columbus, Ohio 43216
Development will only review customer appeals which have been denied at both the LDA written and hearing appeal process and that contain new information, or information not considered during the LDA Written and Hearing appeal process.

The appeal request must contain the following information:

- Customer’s name, Address, Telephone number,
- Client number (if available),
- Reason for the appeal,
- Supporting documentation, and
- Customer’s signature.

A decision on the appeal will be made within 30 days of receipt of the appeal request. The customer will be notified within 10 days of Development’s decision.

**Federal Level Energy Assistance Programs Appeal**

If the customer wishes to pursue a further appeal, he/she must submit a federal level appeal to Department of Health and Human Services/Administration for Children and Families after the final state level Energy Assistance Programs appeal. The appeal request may be mailed to:

Department of Health and Human Services/Administration for Children and Families
Office of Community Services/Division of Energy Assistance
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
Mary E. Switzer Building, 5th Floor
330 C Street, SW
Washington, D.C. 20201
Or fax to (202) 401-5661

All appeal decisions made by Department of Health and Human Services/Administration for Children and Families are final.

**Q. 12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?**

**A:** Customers are notified of their fair hearing rights in the following manners:

- **Verbal Notification:** When a customer calls our toll-free call center, HEAP staff will advise customers of their application status and appeal rights.
- **Written Notification:** Whether an application is approved or denied, all customers are notified of appeal rights in the letter containing the original determination of eligibility.
- **Agency Notification:** For crisis assistance, all customers are interviewed face-to-face. Customers are informed of their appeal rights during the interview. Also, the appeal procedure described above is incorporated into the Energy Assistance Guidelines issued by Development to all local grantees.
- **Weatherization:** Ohio's grantees are required to establish and implement a client appeals procedure.

**Q. 12.6 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.**
A: Same as 12.4

Q: 12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?
A: Same as 12.5

Section 13: Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16)-Assurance 16

Q: 13.1 Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?
A: In order to comply with Section 2605(b)(16) of the LIHEAP statute (42 U.S.C & 8624(b)(16))-Assurance 16, Development will provide a maximum of 5% of the total annual State of Ohio LIHEAP allocation to encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs. Funding will be made available annually through a request for proposal process. Applications will be received and reviewed on a first come, first served basis during the open application period. The request for proposal will outline the following:

- Requested funding amount, uses and any leveraged resources
- Description of the project and how the project will reduce the household’s energy burden
- Anticipated outcomes
- Methodologies for tracking outcomes

If the applicant is awarded funds, they will be required to report on the number of households served and the impact on those households (including pre- and post-testing, customer survey responses etc.).

Here is an example of how LIHEAP funds have been provided through Assurance 16: The Breathing Association, a HEAP grantee, operates a health care clinic and a mobile medical van serving low income, HEAP eligible individuals. The Breathing Association provides HEAP educational materials to customers that are receiving medical care. Prior to being evaluated by a Nurse Practitioner, the customer is provided a pre-test, focusing on residential energy conservation questions. After the pre-test, the customer is required to watch a seven-minute video about residential energy conservation. After the customer has been seen by the Nurse Practitioner, they are given a post-test on energy savings and provided additional educational materials such as brochures that highlight energy residential savings techniques.

Q: 13.2 How do you ensure that you don’t use more than 5% of you LIHEAP funds for these activities?
A: Development will allocate funds in the methods described in 13.1 up to a maximum of 5% of the LIHEAP funds allocated to the State of Ohio.

Q: 13.3 Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.
A: The Breathing Association has been funded by the HEAP Assurance 16 to provide customers with residential energy savings education along with receiving a HEAP benefit. For PY18 there
was a 47% increase in patients' knowledge after energy assistance guidance related to energy usage and health was given.

Q: 13.4 Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year.

A: Customers received residential energy savings education along with receiving a HEAP benefit, and medical care.

Q: 13.5 How many households applied for these services?

A: In PY18, The Breathing Association reported 1,234 Ohioans applied for assistance with their Mobile Medical Unit, Lung Clinic, Home Visits and Health Fairs.

Q: 13.6 How many households received these services?

A: The Breathing Association assisted 1,234 Ohioans by providing medical assistance and energy savings education.

Section 14: Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607 (A)

Q: 14.1 Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program?

A: Yes

Q: 14.2 Describe instructions to any third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.

A: Development has and will continue to engage in activities which enhance the value of basic LIHEAP assistance to eligible households. These activities are consistent with general definitions of "leveraging" as found in Section 707 of Public Law 101-501, Section 2607A. Regulations implementing the leveraging incentive program are contained in 45 CFR Part 96. Development will describe those activities for award of additional federal funds appropriated for this purpose.

Q: 14.3 For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. Â§ 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

<p>| Fuel Funds | Several regulated gas and electric utilities in Ohio raise and provide funds for eligible low-income customers. Many of these fuel funds are directly administered by the State LIHEAP office or its grantees, which employ a certification of eligibility by the state office and its Local Energy Assistance Providers and often requires verification that the LIHEAP benefits are exhausted to qualify for assistance. Other policies, such as amount of benefit and months of availability, may vary by fund. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Determination of income eligibility and certification of same is performed by the local Energy Assistance Provider, as already specified in Ohio’s state plan. Ohio’s private fuel funds could not operate according to their program rules without information provided and/or verified by the Ohio LIHEAP program.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Percentage of Income Payment Plan</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Percentage of Income Payment Plan (PIPP) is designed for low-income Ohioans who need assistance paying their utility bills to maintain gas and/or electric service. It can be combined with the Home Energy Assistance Program benefit to help income-eligible Ohioans manage their energy bills. PIPP is funded by the Universal Service Fund (USF). The USF is a rider on the utility bill of all customers of regulated utilities. A rider is an additional charge on a utility bill which must be approved by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (PUCO) for a specific purpose. The PUCO calculates the gas PIPP rate and audits utilities which provide gas PIPP. The Ohio Development Services Agency calculates the electric PIPP rate case, which determines the funding level of the USF and the electric PIPP program. The PIPP is available for Ohioans with a household income at or below 150% of the federal poverty guideline, receiving gas or electric service from a utility regulated by the PUCO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electric Partnership Program</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each year, more than $14 million of the USF is designated for education and energy efficiency measures. Some of the PIPP-eligible households with high consumption rates and high arrearages are identified to participate in the educational program. The program serves about 11,000 PIPP electric households each year with in-home audits to identify energy-saving measures and provide conservation education. Replacement light bulbs, weather-stripping and in some cases new appliances are provided. This service helps HEAP implement practices to reduce their energy consumption over time.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 16: Performance Goals and Measures, 2605 (b)

Q: 16.1 Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframes and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

A: We contacted our top 10 Propane/Bottle Gas, Fuel Oil/Kerosene and Wood/Coal/Other vendors and explained that the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, which funds the Ohio Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP), requires Development to collect and report data on Ohio HEAP customer usage.

We have previously enhanced our OCEAN system to make it more customer-friendly for vendors to provide the needed data. We emailed vendors the instructions on how to retrieve the customer information of our mutual HEAP customers. We provided specific dates for vendors to use to reflect the 12 months of data needed to report the annual bill amount, annual usage, full-year at service address and 12-month client.

We have received data from the following categories of vendors:
- (10) Propane/Bottle Gas
- (10) Fuel Oil/Kerosene
- (10) Wood/Coal/Other
- (5) Gas
- (5) Electric

Time frames and plans for meeting these requirements:
We require the data usage report to cover 10/1/18-9/30/19. We make weekly contact with fuel vendors to ensure progress is being made on data collection and to answer questions. We will process the data and prepare the Performance Measures Data Collection Report submission on January 31, 2020.

What we hope to accomplish in the coming federal fiscal year:
Development will make process improvements to the performance data collection and reporting based on feedback from HEAP vendors, customers and Development staff. Development will analyze the HEAP customer usage data to improve the program and customer service. Development will ensure data is being properly collected and reported from vendors. Our goal is to have 95% or more of our vendors participating in the data collection and reporting process. Some of our vendors are building capacity over the next year to pull their data extraction processes/systems together for full participation.