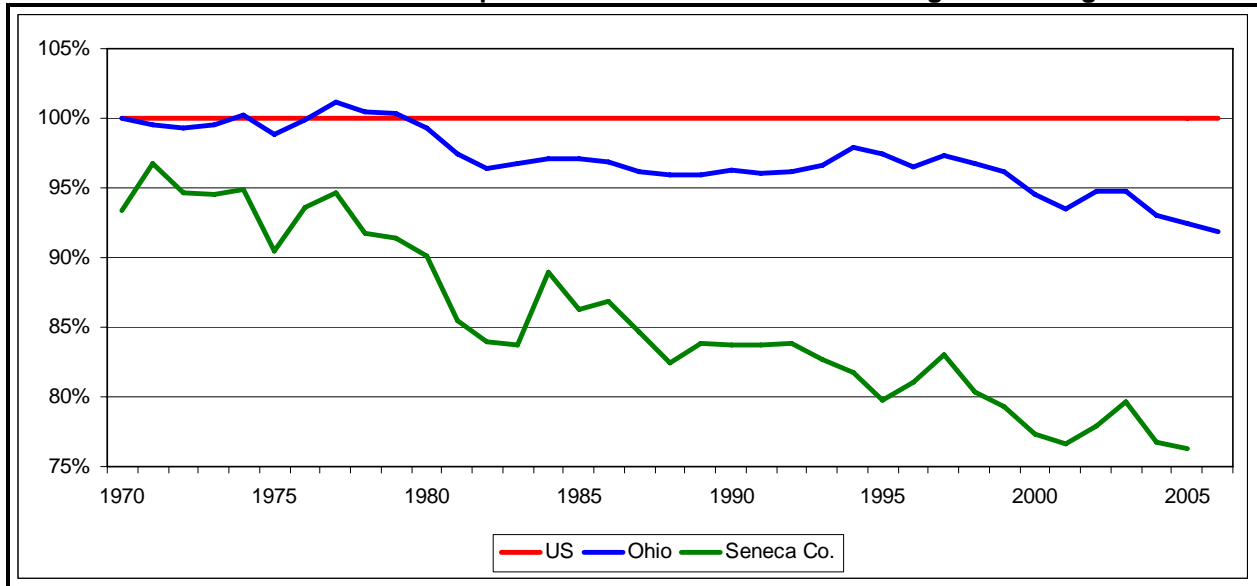


## BEA Per Capita Personal Income Seneca County

**Per Capita Personal Income; Selected Years**

|        | 1970    | 1980     | 1990     | 2000     | 2001     | 2002     | 2003     | 2004     | 2005     | 2006     |
|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| US     | \$4,085 | \$10,114 | \$19,477 | \$29,843 | \$30,562 | \$30,795 | \$31,466 | \$33,090 | \$34,471 | \$36,276 |
| Ohio   | \$4,086 | \$10,046 | \$18,743 | \$28,205 | \$28,583 | \$29,187 | \$29,826 | \$30,763 | \$31,860 | \$33,338 |
| Seneca | \$3,812 | \$9,117  | \$16,305 | \$23,093 | \$23,404 | \$23,987 | \$25,066 | \$25,387 | \$26,306 | ---      |

**Ohio and Seneca Co. Per Capita Personal Income as a Percentage of U.S. Figure**



**Composition of Personal Income; Selected Years**

|        | Type of Income  | 1970  | 1980  | 1990  | 2000  | 2001  | 2002  | 2003  | 2004  | 2005  | 2006  |
|--------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U.S.   | Net Earnings    | 77.2% | 71.8% | 67.7% | 68.9% | 68.6% | 68.8% | 69.2% | 69.3% | 69.5% | 69.3% |
|        | Dividends, etc. | 13.8% | 16.0% | 20.0% | 18.2% | 17.7% | 16.7% | 16.1% | 16.0% | 15.6% | 16.0% |
|        | Transfer rcpts. | 9.0%  | 12.2% | 12.3% | 12.9% | 13.7% | 14.5% | 14.8% | 14.7% | 14.9% | 14.8% |
| Ohio   | Net Earnings    | 79.3% | 71.9% | 66.2% | 67.8% | 67.5% | 67.9% | 68.4% | 68.9% | 68.6% | 68.2% |
|        | Dividends, etc. | 12.9% | 15.4% | 19.7% | 17.8% | 17.1% | 16.0% | 15.0% | 14.4% | 14.3% | 14.6% |
|        | Transfer rcpts. | 7.8%  | 12.7% | 14.1% | 14.4% | 15.5% | 16.1% | 16.6% | 16.7% | 17.1% | 17.2% |
| Seneca | Net Earnings    | 78.2% | 67.9% | 62.7% | 63.7% | 63.0% | 63.2% | 63.7% | 64.5% | 63.9% | ---   |
|        | Dividends, etc. | 13.7% | 17.3% | 18.9% | 17.2% | 16.4% | 15.3% | 14.9% | 13.6% | 13.6% | ---   |
|        | Transfer rcpts. | 8.1%  | 14.8% | 18.4% | 19.1% | 20.7% | 21.4% | 21.4% | 22.0% | 22.5% | ---   |

Care should be taken when using county-level per capita personal income. Unusually high or low per capita personal income may be the result of unusual conditions, such as a major construction project or a natural disaster. Counties with a large agricultural sector may display erratic patterns due to multi-year contracts. Also, a large institutional population, such as colleges and prisons, tends to depress per capita income.

Source: Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.