



Data Line Ohio



Ohio Department
of Development

Prepared by the Office of Strategic Research

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2001 FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The federal government distributed more than \$1.8 trillion in domestic benefits, subsidies, grants, goods and services, and salaries and wages throughout the country during fiscal year 2001. This spending represented an increase of 9 percent over 2000. Ohio's share was \$61.7 billion--\$5,435.04 for every man, woman, and child in the state. This was a 7.6 percent increase in spending over fiscal year 2000.

Federal direct payments to individuals for retirement and disability, \$24.3 billion, accounted for 39.3 percent of all expenditures in Ohio; 85.7 percent of which were in Social Security payments. Again, Cuyahoga Countians were the recipients of the largest share of federal funds dispensed in the state, \$8,778,721,093. Franklin County was second with \$6.7 billion closely followed by Hamilton County's \$6.3 billion.

Another \$10.7 billion was paid against other federal obligations accrued in Ohio in the form of direct loans, guaranteed loans, and insurance payments.

The Census Bureau report, **Consolidated Federal Funds Report for Fiscal Year 2001 (Federal, State, and Local Governments)** provides information on domestic spending by the federal government for all states and counties in the country. The report is available from the Bureau of the Census, Governments Division, on the Bureau's web site: <http://blue.census.gov/govs/www/cffr.html>

FY01 Federal Funds Spent in Ohio	Total U.S. Expenditures (\$)	U.S. Per Capita Expenditures	Total Ohio Expenditures	Ohio Per Capita Expenditures	Change U.S. Expenditures 2000-2001	Change Ohio Expenditures 2000-2001
DIRECT EXPENDITURES OR OBLIGATIONS	1,778,884,261,773	6,321	61,704,784,943	5,435	8.7%	7.6%
RETIREMENT / DISABILITY	600,014,231,608	2,132	24,262,351,909	2,137	8.0%	6.6%
OTHER DIRECT PAYMENTS FOR INDIVIDUALS	350,401,614,482	1,245	14,362,539,676	1,265	9.1%	8.3%
DIRECT PAYMENTS OTHER THAN FOR INDIVIDUALS	55,197,746,801	196	1,343,866,523	118	26.0%	13.8%
GRANT AWARDS	338,977,112,490	1,205	11,761,589,978	1,036	9.9%	10.3%
PROCUREMENT CONTRACTS	246,218,950,923	875	5,123,873,166	451	10.3%	5.3%
SALARIES AND WAGES	188,074,605,469	668	4,850,563,691	427	1.9%	4.8%
OTHER FEDERAL ASSISTANCE						
DIRECT LOANS	20,968,669,973		903,811,658			
GUARANTEED/INSURED LOANS	175,546,708,893		5,846,211,439			
INSURANCE	626,580,752,988		3,919,350,275			

Bob Taft, Governor
State of Ohio

Bruce Johnson, Director
Ohio Department of Development



2002 State Data Center Annual Report

The Office of Strategic Research, as Lead Agency for the U.S. Bureau of the Census State Data Center (SDC) program, has the responsibility of providing an annual report on our SDC activities, as well as the activities of our 48 SDC Ohio Data Resource Network (ODRN) affiliates. The results of this poll demonstrates the effectiveness and value of this cooperative outreach effort.

Over the past year, the Network as a whole responded to 19,221 requests for information, all or in part containing Census data. Some 83% of the requests were fulfilled free of charge to our clients. There were 51 workshops conducted, reaching over 1,200 attendees. Agency staff made 140 speeches and published 94 newsletters.

The influence of the World Wide Web on data access and delivery was made even more apparent this year. Though the number of direct requests from clients continues to decline, the number of web products produced by members and the number of web hits recorded reached impressive heights.

Thirty-seven of the network agencies have their own web sites and almost all link to the Census Bureau or other data sources. Those that track visits to their site recorded an astounding **13,685,151** web hits. The network produced 1,045 web-based products and many feature GIS products focused on their service area.

New!!!

Summary File 2 Released for Ohio

The Census Bureau has released Summary File 2 (SF 2) which contains data on age, sex, households, families, and occupied housing units. SF 2 tables are based on answers to the questions common to both the Census 2000 [Short-Form](#) and [Long-Form](#) Questionnaires.

SF 2 (36 population tables and 11 housing tables) offers [Detailed Tables](#) for the total population; the tables can be repeated for each of 249 population groups: 132 race groups, 78 American Indian and Alaska Native tribes (reflecting 39 individual tribes), and 39 Hispanic or Latino groups.



OHIO DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT
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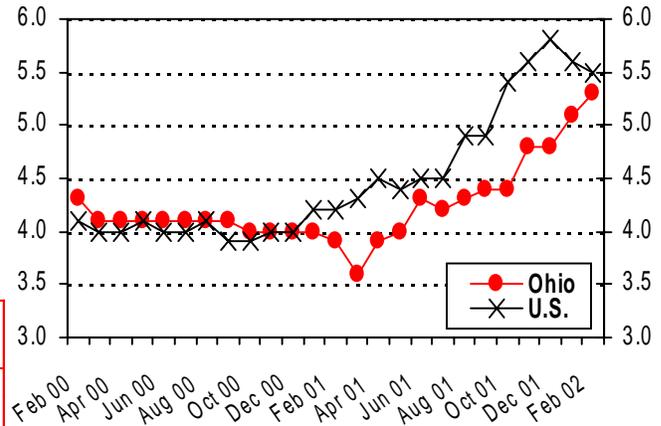


UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: February 2000 To February 2002

The February unemployment rate in Ohio increased to 5.3. The number of unemployed workers increased 6.0 percent for the month, and was 39.6 percent higher than a year ago.

The U.S. unemployment rate for February fell to 5.5 from its January level of 5.6. The number of unemployed workers decreased 0.4 percent since January, but increased 34.0 percent since February 2001.

EMPLOYMENT SITUATION Monthly Data (000)	Ohio	Ohio	Ohio	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.
	Feb 02	Jan 01	Feb 01	Feb 02	Jan 01	Feb 01
Civilian Labor Force	5,925	5,910	5,822	142,211	141,390	141,622
Employment	5,608	5,611	5,595	134,319	133,468	135,734
Unemployment	317	299	227	7,891	7,922	5,888
Unemployment Rate	5.3	5.1	3.9	5.5	5.6	4.2



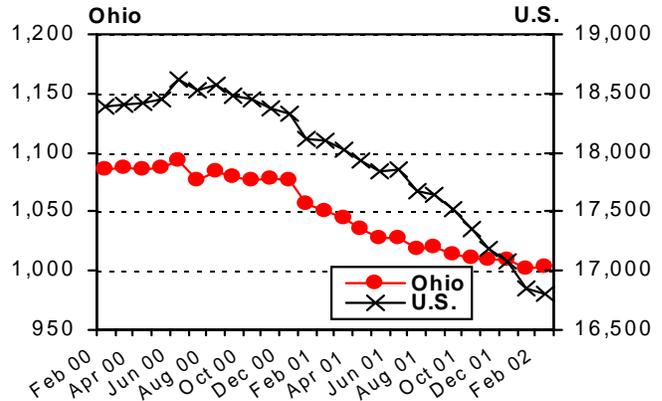
Seasonally adjusted.
SOURCE: Ohio Dept of Job & Family Services, [LMI Bureau](#).



MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT: February 2000 To February 2002

February employment in Ohio's manufacturing industry increased 0.1 percent for the month with 1,003,700 workers. This was a decrease of 4.4 percent for the year. Production workers in Ohio's manufacturing industries earned an average of \$722.93 per week in February, up \$0.41 from January. This was \$23.24 more than a year ago, a 3.3 percent increase over February 2001.

The February manufacturing employment in the U.S. decreased 0.3 percent for the month with 16,799,000 employees. This was a 7.2 percent decline for the year. Average weekly earnings for production workers decreased \$1.91 to \$610.55 in February 2002. This amounted to a 3.2 percent increase of \$18.84 over February 2001.



Employment in thousands. Not seasonally adjusted.
SOURCES: Ohio Dept of Job & Family Services, [LMI Bureau](#);
U.S. Department of Labor, [Bureau of Labor Statistics](#).

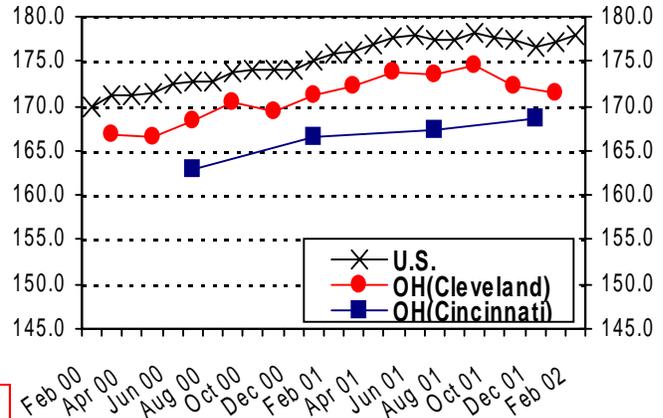


CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: February 2000 To February 2002

The February U.S. average city consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) rose 0.4 percent to 177.8 from 177.1 in January. This was a 1.1 percent increase over February 2001.

The Cleveland all urban consumers CPI for January was 171.4. This was a decrease of 0.5 percent from two months prior, and an increase of 0.1 percent over a year ago.

For the second half of 2001, Cincinnati's CPI-U increased 0.6 percent over the first half of 2001 with 168.6. This was 1.0 percent higher than the second half of 2000.



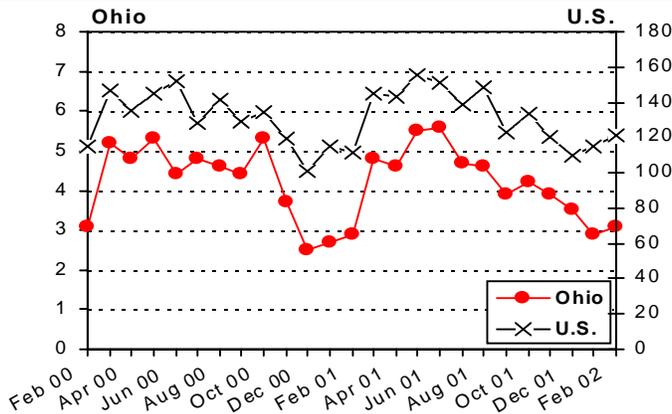
Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U), 1982-84=100.
US updated monthly; Cleveland, bi-monthly; Cincinnati, semi-annually.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, [Bureau of Labor Statistics](#).

CPI-U Annual % Change	97-98	98-99	99-00	00-01
U.S. Average City	1.6%	2.2%	3.4%	2.8%
OH (Cleveland)	2.4%	1.7%	3.4%	2.9%
OH (Cincinnati)	2.0%	2.6%	3.5%	1.9%

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RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION: February 2000 To February 2002



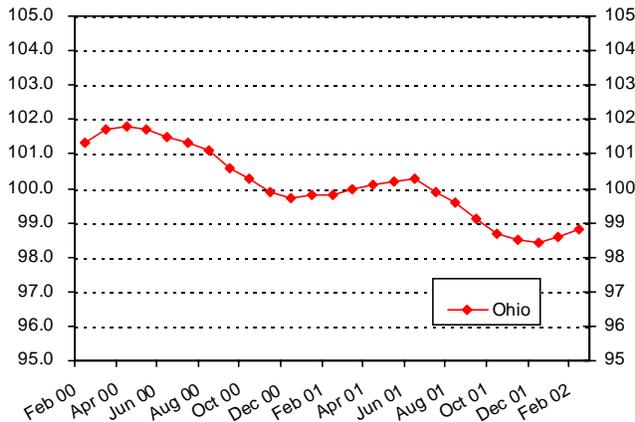
Number of units in thousands.
Percent of imputed data is greater than 25 percent.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, [Bureau of the Census](#).

The construction of new, privately-owned housing units in Ohio rose 6.7 percent between January and February 2002, to a total of 3,145 units. This was an increase of 6.9 percent from the February 2001 figure. The average value per single-family dwelling was \$153,001, 0.1 percent higher than last month, and 2.4 percent more than in February 2001.

In the U.S., the number of units authorized in February 2002 was 120,964, an increase of 5.1 percent from the January figure. This was 8.2 percent higher than in February 2001. The average construction valuation per single-family building was \$135,593, a decrease of 1.4 percent for the month, 0.9 percent more for the year.



INDEX OF LEADING INDICATORS: February 2000 To February 2002



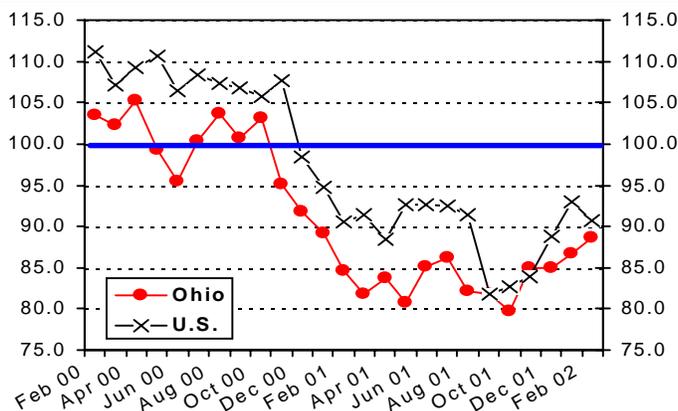
2000=100 Components are not seasonally adjusted.
Components used in index: 1. valuation of housing permits; 2. Initial claims for unemployment insurance; 3. average weekly hours in manufacturing; 4. U.S. domestic auto production; and the national composite index of leading economic indicators.
SOURCE: Ohio Dept of Job & Family Services, [LMI Bureau](#).

The composite index of leading economic indicators for Ohio increased 0.2 percent in February to 98.8. This was 1.0 percent lower than a year ago. Initial claims for unemployment insurance fell 51.6 percent for the month, and 21.0 percent for the year. Valuation of housing permits increased 5.5 percent over the month, and was 13.4 percent higher than February of 2001. Average weekly hours for manufacturing remained unchanged at 41.5. This was unchanged from a year ago.

The national composite index of leading indicators for February 2002 was unchanged over the month at 112.4. This was a 3.2 percent increase for the year. Domestic auto production increased 16.8 percent to 5.7 million units on an annual basis. This was 11.9 percent more than a year ago.



CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX: February 2000 To February 2002



Index of 100.0 is benchmark for good economic times.
SOURCE: Ohio - Ohio State University Center for Survey Research for the Columbus Dispatch/WBNS-TV; U.S. - University of Michigan.

The Ohio **Consumer Confidence Index** was 88.7 in February up 2.3 percent from January. This was 4.8 percent higher than a year ago.

The U.S. **Index of Consumer Sentiment** fell to 90.7 in February from 93.0 in January, a 2.5 percent decrease. This was 0.1 percent higher than the February 2001 index of 90.6.

The Ohio index has been rising in response to the economic recovery. Both indices continue to register numbers well below levels of years past.